

Amendments to the Claims

The listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings of claims in the application.

1. *(currently amended)* A method of creating an ethernet-formatted packet, based on an upstream packet, comprising the steps of:
 - (a) receiving the upstream packet, comprising an upstream header and a payload;
 - (b) receiving physical layer prepend data that comprises information indicating burst power, a burst frequency, a time offset, and equalizer coefficients;
 - (c) appending a packet-tag header, based on the physical layer prepend data and on an upstream packet header, to the payload of the upstream packet;
 - (d) appending an encapsulation tag to the payload of the upstream packet; and
 - (e) appending a source address header and a destination address header to the payload.
2. *(original)* The method of claim 1, wherein the upstream packet is a DOCSIS-formatted packet.
3. *(original)* The method of claim 1, wherein the physical layer prepend data comprises physical characterization of the upstream packet.
4. *(currently amended)* A system for creating an ethernet-formatted packet, based on an upstream packet, comprising:

a physical layer (PHY) interface for receiving the upstream packet and physical layer prepend data that comprises information indicating burst power, a burst frequency, a time offset, and equalizer coefficients;

a header processor for extracting packet characteristic data from an upstream header of the upstream packet; and

an upstream packet port egress module for encapsulating a payload of the upstream packet with tag information based on said upstream header and on said physical layer prepend data, to form the ethernet-formatted packet.

5. *(original)* A method of creating a DOCSIS packet, based on a downstream packet, comprising the steps of:
- (a) receiving the downstream packet;
 - (b) extracting a packet tag from the downstream packet;
 - (c) performing header suppression when indicated by the packet tag;
 - (d) creating a downstream header;
 - (e) generating a cyclic redundancy check (CRC) when indicated by the packet tag;
 - (f) encrypting the downstream packet when indicated by the packet tag;
 - (g) generating a header check sequence (HCS); and
 - (h) if the downstream packet contains a MAP message, formatting the MAP message in a MAP FIFO format.

6. *(original)* The method of claim 5, further comprising the step of:

(j) mapping the DOCSIS-formatted packet into an MPEG stream.

7. (*original*) The method of claim 5, wherein the packet tag comprises a packet length.

8. (*original*) The method of claim 5, wherein the packet tag comprises a header length.

9. (*original*) The method of claim 5, wherein the packet tag comprises an indication of whether a CRC is to be generated.

10. (*original*) A system for creating a DOCSIS-formatted packet based on a downstream packet, comprising:

 a packet port ingress engine for receiving the downstream packet from said packet port, extracting a tag from the downstream packet, and

 converting said tag to a packet descriptor format;

 a header suppression module for receiving a packet descriptor and performing header suppression if necessary; and

 a header creation module for creating a DOCSIS header on the basis of said packet descriptor and appending said DOCSIS header to a payload of the downstream packet.

11. *(original)* The system of claim 10, further comprising an encapsulation module for mapping said DOCSIS-formatted packet into an MPEG stream.